



Houston Telephone Golf Assn (57-0634)

Most Improved Golfer Report for Revision Dates 5/1/2012 - 5/1/2013



Rank	GHIN #	Local #	Name	Starting		Ending		Factor
				HDCP	Diff	HDCP	Diff	
1	1261327	10	Proffitt, Robert	19.9	207.3	14.4	150.6	1.208
2	8450614	105	Kercheval, Steve	6.9	72.6	5.6	58.7	1.074
3	8450621	112	Hawkins, George	19.7	205.9	18.4	191.7	1.043
4	6373181	38	Denby, Karlene	39.3	409.8	37.3	388.7	1.041
5	8450637	128	Kelley, Kevin	21.1	220.7	19.8	207.0	1.041
6	8450611	102	Denby, Stephen	7.6	80.0	7.1	74.3	1.026
7	8450626	117	Mosley, Mike	11.7	122.6	11.1	116.3	1.026
8	4989786	46	Anderson, John R	20.6	214.6	19.9	208.2	1.022
9	8450631	122	Lane, Bruce	20.0	208.4	19.3	201.3	1.022
10	2752463	11	Cater, Charlie	16.8	176.0	16.5	172.9	1.011
11	8450634	125	Stemberger, Charlotte	30.9	321.9	30.5	318.5	1.009
12	6373161	12	Stemberger, Val	24.3	253.2	24.0	250.0	1.008
13	0700359	58	Cerda Jr, Alex	14.1	146.9	14.0	145.9	1.004

Most Improved Golfer Computation

The USGA recommended method for determining a club's most improved player at the end of a season or year is as follows:

Add 12* to the player's Handicap Index at the start of the season. This is value A.

Add 12 to the player's Handicap Index at the end of the season. This is value B.

Divide value A by value B, calculating to three decimal places. This is the improvement factor. The player with the highest improvement factor should receive the most improved player award.

Example:

Starting Handicap Index: 22.6

Ending Handicap Index: 17.4

Value A: 22.6 + 12 = 34.6

Value B: 17.4 + 12 = 29.4

A / B: 34.6 / 29.4 = 1.177

Improvement Factor: 1.177

Note: Add 6* instead of 12 in the case of a nine-hole Handicap Index (N).

*The numbers 6 and 12 have been determined by the USGA as equitable in gauging the improvement of players encompassing the entire spectrum of handicaps. For example, it is relatively the same improvement factor to go from a 20.0 to a 10.0 Handicap Index (improvement factor of 1.454) as it is to go from a 5.0 to a scratch, or zero Handicap Index (improvement factor of 1.416), yet the change in Handicap Index is "10" (20 - 10) versus "5" (5 - 0) strokes. The numbers of 6 and 12 take into consideration the level of a player's improvement rather than the net change in Handicap Index.

Please note: This ranking is for guidance only and should be carefully reviewed by the handicap committee and modified if necessary. There are many special situations which cannot be taken into account by the formula alone, especially if the club joined GHIN for the first time this year. The committee always has final authority in selecting their most improved player.